

## **Generations vocabulary**

**Avocado toast** – A modern food trend often used as a symbol of Millennial spending habits.

**Baby Boom** – The sharp rise in birth rates after World War II (1946–1964).

**Counterculture** – A social movement that rejects mainstream values, such as the hippies in the 1960s.

**Disillusionment** – A feeling of disappointment after discovering something is not as good as expected.

**Flapper** – A fashionable young woman of the 1920s known for bold behaviour and style.

**Generational divide** – Differences in attitudes or opportunities between younger and older generations.

**Glass Generation** – A term for Generation Alpha, surrounded by glass screens like smartphones and tablets.

**Grunge** – A 1990s music and fashion movement with heavy guitar sounds and thrift-shop style.

**Hip hop** – A cultural movement from the 1970s combining rap, DJing, graffiti, and breakdancing.

**Hippie** – A member of the 1960s counterculture, known for peace protests, long hair, and colourful clothes.

**Latchkey kid** – A child who returns from school to an empty home because parents are at work.

**Meme** – A cultural idea or joke spread online, often using images and text.

**New Romantics** – An early 1980s music and fashion movement with flamboyant, theatrical style.

**Punk** – A late 1970s music and fashion subculture, known for loud, rebellious songs and ripped clothing.

**Ragtime** – A lively piano style popular in the early 1900s, a forerunner of jazz.

**Rave culture** – A late 1980s–90s movement centred on electronic music, dance clubs, and MDMA use.

**Silent Generation** – People born between 1928 and 1945, often seen as cautious and traditional.

**Subculture** – A smaller cultural group within society, with its own music, fashion, and values.

**Wealth gap** – The unequal distribution of assets and income between different groups.

**Zoot suit** – A flamboyant style of suit from the 1930s–40s, with wide shoulders and baggy trousers.